




























Nota:
Las semillas silvestres son un producto vivo y su germinación varía constantemente según las condiciones de su propagación y la naturaleza de su germoplasma no domesticado; por lo tanto, no ofrecemos ningún tipo de garantía en su germinación y el comprador asume su responsabilidad al sembrarlo.













































































Disponibilidad de Semillas 2017-2018

Especies de Árboles y Arbustos Nativos del Altiplano Mexicano.



































Árboles Grandes > 6 m

Familia y Subfamilia	Nombre Científico	Nombre Común	Fija Nitrógeno	Controla Erosión	Atrae Polinizadores	Sustenta Fauna Silvestre
Betulaceae	<i>Alnus acuminata</i>	Aile, Aliso				
Bombacaceae	<i>Ceiba aesculifolia</i>	Pochote, puchote				
Burseraceae	<i>Bursera palmieri</i>	Palo cuchara				
Fabaceae Mimosoideae	<i>Hesperalbizia occidentalis</i>	Palo blanco, bolillo				
	<i>Lysiloma acapulcense</i>	Tepehuaje, huanumo				
	<i>Pithecellobium dulce</i>	Guamúchil				
	<i>Prosopis laevigata</i>	Mezquite, mizquitl				
Fabaceae Papilionoideae	<i>Erythrina herbacea</i>	Patol, colorín				
Moraceae	<i>Morus celtidifolia</i>	Mora, moral				
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis caudata</i>	Cuáquil, palo de zorra				










































Árboles Medianos, 3 a 5 m

Familia y Subfamilia	Nombre Científico	Nombre Común	Fija Nitrógeno	Controla Erosión	Atrae Polinizadores	Sustenta Fauna Silvestre
Anacardiaceae	<i>Rhus pachyrrhachis</i>	Lantrisco				
Apocynaceae	<i>Thevetia ovata</i>	Fraile				
Burseraceae	<i>Bursera fagaroides</i>	Palo xixote				
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea murucoides</i>	Casahuate Blanco				
Fabaceae Caesalpinoideae	<i>Parkinsonia aculeata</i>	Junco, retama				
	<i>Senna polyantha</i>	Palo fierro				
Fabaceae Mimosoideae	<i>Acacia bilimekii</i>	Tehuixtle				
	<i>Acacia greggii</i>	Gato				
	<i>Acaciella angustissima</i>	Timbe				
	<i>Havardia pallens</i>	Palo de tenaza				
	<i>Leucaena pallida</i>	Guaje colorado				
	<i>Leucaena cuspidata</i>	Guachillo				
	<i>Leucaena esculenta</i>	Querenda				
	<i>Lysiloma divaricatum</i>	Huanumillo prieto				
	<i>Lysiloma microphylla</i>	Palo prieto				
	<i>Mimosa benthamii</i>	Espino Herrero				
Fabaceae Papilionoideae	<i>Eysenhardtia polystachya</i>	Palo dulce, Palo azul				
Oleaceae	<i>Forestiera reticulata</i>	Acebuche				
Rhamnaceae	<i>Condalia velutina</i>	Zargihuil				
Sapindaceae	<i>Sapindus saponaria</i>	Jaboncillo				
Tiliaceae	<i>Heliocarpus terebinthinaceus</i>	Cicua				

Árboles Chicos, < 3 m

Familia y Subfamilia	Nombre Científico	Nombre Común	Fija Nitrógeno	Controla Erosión	Atrae Polinizadores	Sustenta Fauna Silvestre
Apocynaceae	<i>Plumeria rubra</i>	Cacaloxúchitl				
Bignoniaceae	<i>Tecoma stans</i>	Flor de San Pedro				
Bombacaceae	<i>Pseudobombax ellipticum</i>	Clavellina blanca				
Fabaceae Caesalpinoideae	<i>Bauhinia coulteri</i>	Manita de cabra				
Fabaceae Mimosoideae	<i>Senna atomaria</i>	Palo hediondo				
	<i>Acacia farnesiana</i>	Huizache yóndiro				
	<i>Lysiloma sp.</i>	Palo de Arco				
Fabaceae Mimosoideae	<i>Zapoteca formosa</i>	Viejo				
	Malvaceae	<i>Gossypium hirsutum</i>	Algodón silvestre			
Rosaceae	<i>Malacomeles denticulata</i>	Membrillo cimarrón				
Sapindaceae	<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>	Ocotillo, chapulixtle				

Arbustos

Familia y Subfamilia	Nombre Científico	Nombre Común	Fija Nitrógeno	Controla Erosión	Atrae Polinizadores	Sustenta Fauna Silvestre
Amaranthaceae	<i>Atriplex canescens</i>	Costilla de Vaca				
Anacardiaceae	<i>Rhus microphylla</i>	Agritos, cilindrillo				
Apocynaceae	<i>Vallesia glabra</i>	Frutilla				
Asclepiadaceae	<i>Asclepias curassavica</i>	Asclepia				
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea carnea</i>	Cazahuate morado				
Fabaceae Caesalpinoideae	<i>Senna hirsuta</i>	Bricho café				
	<i>Senna multiglandulosa</i>	Bricho manso				
	<i>Senna septemtrionalis</i>	Bricho liso				
Fabaceae Mimosoideae	<i>Mimosa biuncifera</i>	Gatuño rojo				
	<i>Mimosa fasciculata</i>	Gatuño blanco				
Fabaceae Papilionoideae	<i>Brongniartia intermedia</i>	Bricho pico de cuervo				
	<i>Brongniartia lupinoides</i>	Jaboncillo cenizo				
Verbenaceae	<i>Citharexylum lycioides</i>	Amole		